very largely into the purchase of life insurance, the total premiums paid in the single year 1929 aggregating \$210,730,802 (provisional figure). In comparison with the enormous investment figures of notice deposits in chartered banks and insurance in force, the deposits in the special savings banks are comparatively small, but are none the less significant.

There are three distinct types of savings banks in Canada in 1930, in addition to the savings divisions of the chartered banks and of trust and loan companies. Firstly, there is the Post Office Savings Bank, the deposits in which are a direct obligation of the Dominion Government. Secondly, there are Provincial Government savings banking institutions in Ontario, in Manitoba and in Alberta, where the depositor becomes a direct creditor of the Province. Thirdly, there are in the province of Quebec two important savings banks, the Montreal City and District Savings Bank and the Caisse d'Économie de Notre-Dame de Québec, established under Dominion legislation and making monthly reports to the Department of Finance.

Dominion Government Savings Banks.—Prior to 1929 there were two classes of Dominion Government savings bank in Canada, the Post Office Savings Bank, under the Post Office Department, and the Dominion Government Savings Bank, attached to the Department of Finance. The former was established under the Post Office Act of 1867 (31 Vict., c. 10) in order "to enlarge the facilities now available for the deposit of small savings, to make the Post Office available for that purpose, and to give the direct security of the Dominion to every depositor for repayment of all money deposited by him together with the interest due thereon". Branches of the Government Savings Bank proper, under the authority of the Finance Department, were established in the leading cities of Canada under the management of the Assistant Receivers-General, and in other places in the provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, under managers appointed by the The Government Savings Bank was amalgamated with the Governor in Council. Post Office Savings Bank in 1929. Historical statistics for both systems will be found in Table 27 and more detailed figures covering the last five years in Table 28.

27.—Deposits with Government Savings Banks, June 30, 1868-1906, and Mar. 31, 1907-1929.

Note.—Figures for all intermediate years will be found on p. 833 of the 1926 Year Book.

Years.	Postal Savings Bank.	Dominion Government Savings Bank.	Years.	Postal Savings Bank.	Dominion Government Savings Bank.
1868. 1870. 1875. 1880. 1885. 1890. 1895. 1900. 1905. 1906. 1907. 1908. 1909. 1910. 1911. 1912.	1,588,849 2,926,C90 3,945,669 15,090,540 21,990,653 26,805,542 37,507,456 45,368,321 45,736,488 47,453,228 47,564,284 45,190,484 43,586,357 43,330,579	\$ 1,483,219 1,822,570 4,245,091 7,107,287 17,888,536 19,021,812 17,644,956 15,642,267 16,649,136 16,174,134 15,088,584 15,016,871 14,748,436 14,677,872 14,673,752 14,655,564	1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	\$ 42,728,942 41,591,286 39,995,406 40,008,418 42,582,479 41,283,479 41,654,596 31,605,594 29,010,619 24,837,181 22,357,268 25,156,449 24,662,060 24,035,660 24,035,660 24,035,637 23,463,210 28,375,770	\$ 14,411,541 13,976,162 14,006,158 13,519,855 13,633,610 12,177,283 11,402,098 10,729,218 10,150,189 9,829,653 9,433,839 9,055,091 8,949,073 8,794,870 8,519,706 7,640,566

¹Does not include Provincial Government savings banks.

²Included in Postal Savings Bank.